

Math 155 - Day #17: Permutations

Last time we found Fundamental Counting Principle:

Fundamental Counting Principle: If you have a choices from one set and b choices from another set, then the number of ways that you can pick one item from each is:

$$\underbrace{a}_{\text{\# of choices from set 1}} \times \underbrace{b}_{\text{\# of choices from set 2}}$$

General Fundamental Counting Principle: If you have n sets of choices to make with a_1 choices from one set, a_2 choices from the next set, ... , a_n choices from the last set, then the number of ways that you can pick one item from each is:

$$\underbrace{a_1}_{\text{\# choices set 1}} \times \underbrace{a_2}_{\text{\# choices set 2}} \times \cdots \times \underbrace{a_n}_{\text{\# choices set } n}$$

These results will be our guide for many of the counting principles that we learn

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$$\underbrace{a_1}_{\# \text{ choices set 1}} \times \underbrace{a_2}_{\# \text{ choices set 2}} \times \cdots \times \underbrace{a_n}_{\# \text{ choices set } n}$$

Example: Suppose that you have 4 people to line up. How many possible ways can this be done?

Here we have 4 choices: Who is first, second, third, and fourth
We will use the FCP to find how many possible ways there are.

$$\text{Total \# of ways} = \underbrace{\quad}_{1^{\text{st}} \text{ spot}} \times \underbrace{\quad}_{2^{\text{nd}} \text{ spot}} \times \underbrace{\quad}_{3^{\text{rd}} \text{ spot}} \times \underbrace{\quad}_{4^{\text{th}} \text{ spot}}$$

We have 4 people to choose from for the first spot

How many choices for the 2nd spot?

Since one person in first spot, only 3 choices left for second spot

Similarly, there are 2 choices for 3rd and 1 choice for 4th spots

$$\text{Total choices} = 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 24$$

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Example: Suppose that you have 6 people to line up. How many possible ways can this be done?

Total # of choices = $6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 720$

Notation: $n! = n \times (n - 1) \times \cdots \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$

This is called a factorial.

Re-writing the above example, we can say:

Total # of choices = $6!$

Example: Suppose that you have 8 people to line up. How many possible ways can this be done?

Total # of choices = $8! = 40320$

Notice that these numbers grow very quickly!

Example: Suppose that you have 20 people to line up. How many possible ways can this be done?

Total # of choices = $20! \approx 2.4 \text{ quintillion}$

Example: Suppose that you have 0 people to line up. How many possible ways can this be done?

1: the one and only choice is to not line anyone up

Note: We define $0! = 1$

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Suppose that you have 8 people and want to line up 4 of them.

Total # of ways = $\underbrace{\hspace{2cm}}_{1^{st} \text{ spot}} \times \underbrace{\hspace{2cm}}_{2^{nd} \text{ spot}} \times \underbrace{\hspace{2cm}}_{3^{rd} \text{ spot}} \times \underbrace{\hspace{2cm}}_{4^{th} \text{ spot}}$

We have 8 people to choose from for the first spot

How many choices for the 2nd spot?

Since one person in first spot, only 7 choices left for second spot

Similarly, there are 6 choices for 3rd and 5 choice for 4th spots

Total choices = $8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 = 1680$

Can this be written with factorials like before?

It starts out similar to 8! but stops at 5

In other words, it starts as 8! but is missing $4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 4!$

Combining this, we can write it as:

$$8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 = \frac{8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times \cancel{4} \times \cancel{3} \times \cancel{2} \times \cancel{1}}{\cancel{4} \times \cancel{3} \times \cancel{2} \times \cancel{1}} = \frac{8!}{4!}$$

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In General: The number of ways to order k things from a set of n is called a permutation and is written as:

$${}_n P_k = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!} = n \times (n-1) \times \cdots \times (n-k+1)$$

Example: How many ways can you line up 5 people from a group of 10?

Answer: ${}_{10}P_5 = \frac{10!}{5!} = 30240$

Example: How many ways can you line up 5 people from a group of 5?

Example: How many ways can you line up 5 people from 12?

Example: How many ways can you line up 3 people from 100?