Recall: The Quadratic Formula says r_1 and r_2 are the roots of: $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$

Recall: The Quadratic Formula says r_1 and r_2 are the roots of: $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ $r_{1,2} = \frac{-(b) \pm \sqrt{(b)^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

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The solutions to $x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$ are: $x = r_{1,2} = 5, 1$